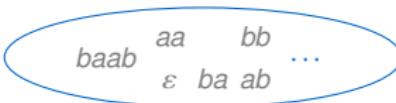


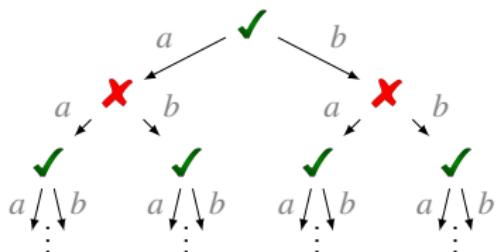
Formal Languages



Formally

and

Coinductively



Dmitriy Traytel

ETH zürich

Contribution

library of **formal languages** in



Contribution

define regular operations $\emptyset, \varepsilon, \text{Atom}, +, \cdot, ^*$
prove axioms of Kleene Algebra

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Coinductive library of **formal languages** in



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Tutorial for **corecursion** and **coinduction**

Contribution

define regular operations $\emptyset, \varepsilon, \text{Atom}, +, \cdot, ^*$
prove axioms of Kleene Algebra

Coinductive library of **formal languages** in
Formal Structure



Tutorial for **corecursion** and **coinduction**
Computation **Deduction**

Contribution

define regular operations $\emptyset, s, \text{Atom}, +, \cdot, ^*$
prove axioms of Kleene Algebra

Coinductive library of formal languages in
This talk: Tutorial in 20 min
Formal Structure

Tutorial for corecursion and coinduction
Computation Deduction



Related Work: A Selection of CoTutorials

		Codatatype	Corecursion	Coinduction	Proof Assistant
Jacobs, Rutten	EATCS'97	stream	✓	✓	✗
Rutten	CONCUR'98	language	✓	✓	✗
Giménez, Castéran	'98	stream, lazy list	✓	✓	✗
Rutten	MSCS'05	stream	✓	✓	✗
Hinze	JFP'11	stream	✓	✗	✗
Chlipala	'13	stream, while	✓	✓	✗
Rot, Rutten, Bonsangue	LATA'13	language	✗	✓	✗
Kozen, Silva	MSCS'14	stream	✗	✓	✗
Setzer	Festschrift Jäger'16	stream	✓	✓	✗
Traytel	FSCD'16	language	✓	✓	✗

Codatatype

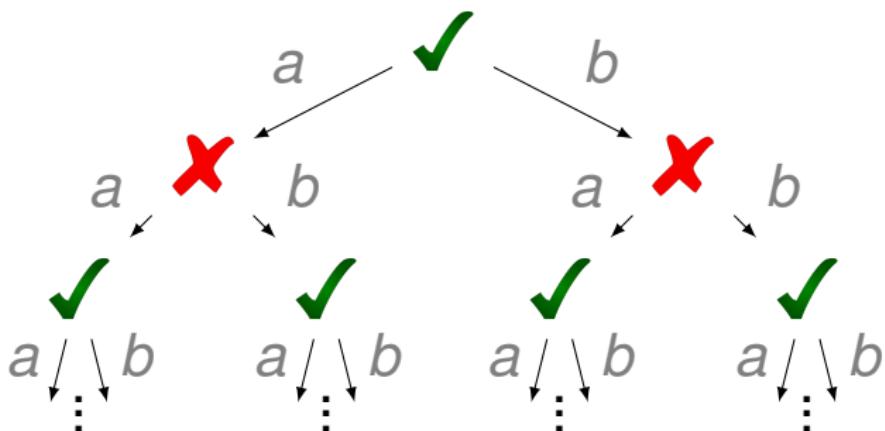
Corecursion

Coinduction

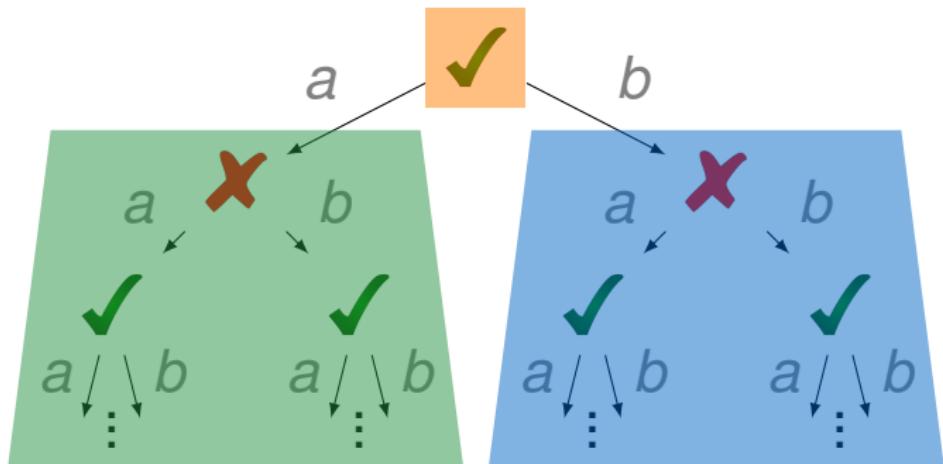
Codatatype

Corecursion

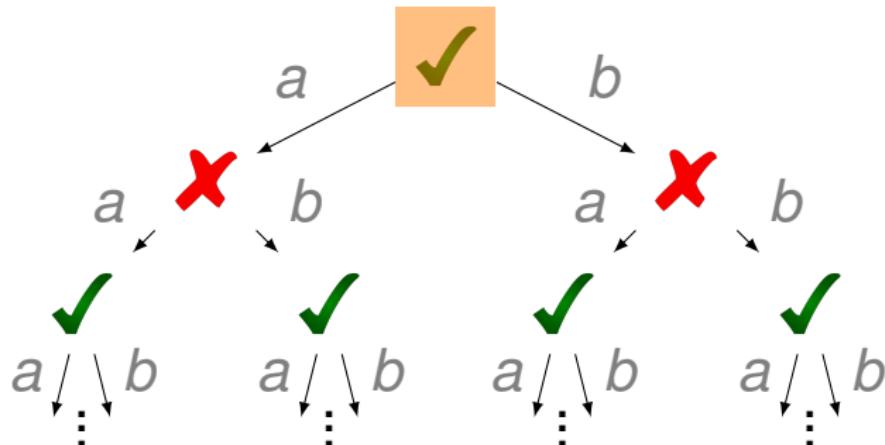
Coinduction



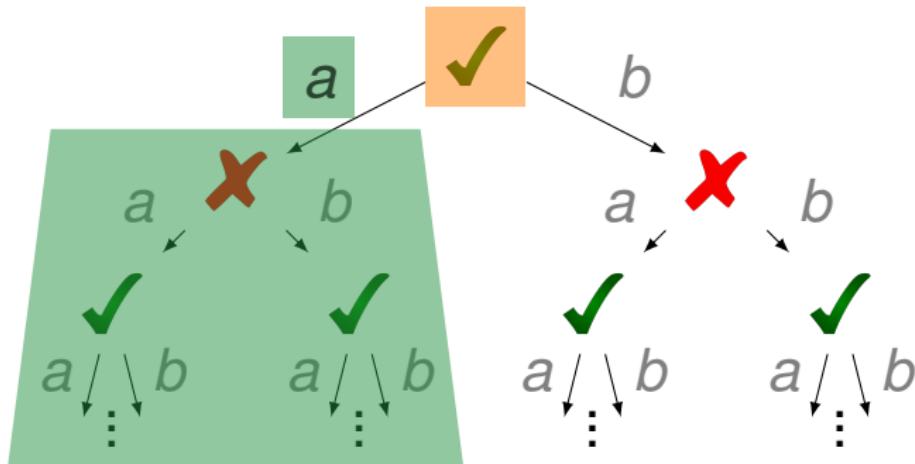
codatatype $\text{lang} = \mathcal{L}$ bool lang lang



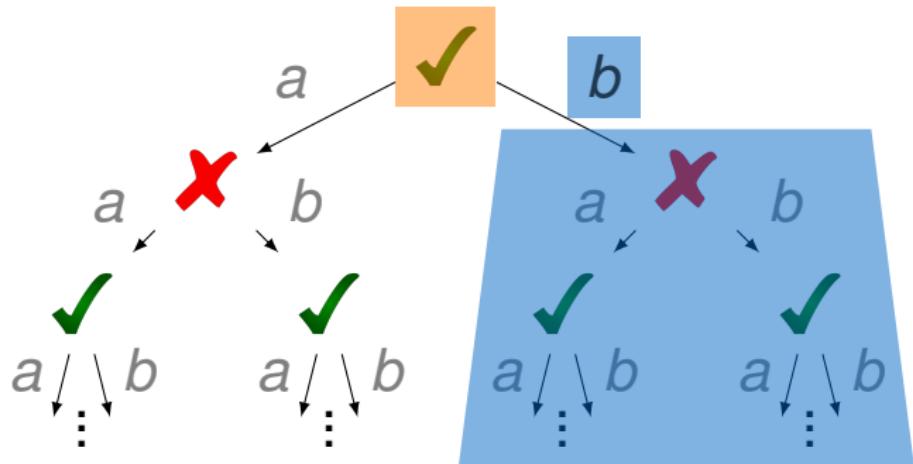
codatatype $\alpha \text{ lang} = \mathcal{L} \text{ } \textcolor{orange}{bool}$



codatatype $\alpha \text{ lang} = \mathcal{L} \text{ } \textcolor{orange}{bool}$



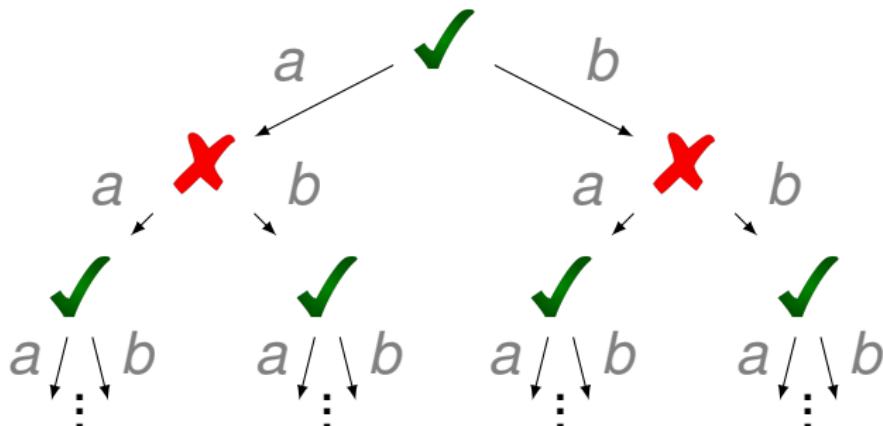
codatatype $\alpha \text{ lang} = \mathcal{L} \text{ } \textcolor{orange}{bool}$



codatatype $\alpha \text{ lang} = \mathcal{L} \text{ } \textcolor{orange}{\text{bool}}$

$\textcolor{orange}{o} :: \alpha \text{ lang} \Rightarrow \textcolor{orange}{\text{bool}}$

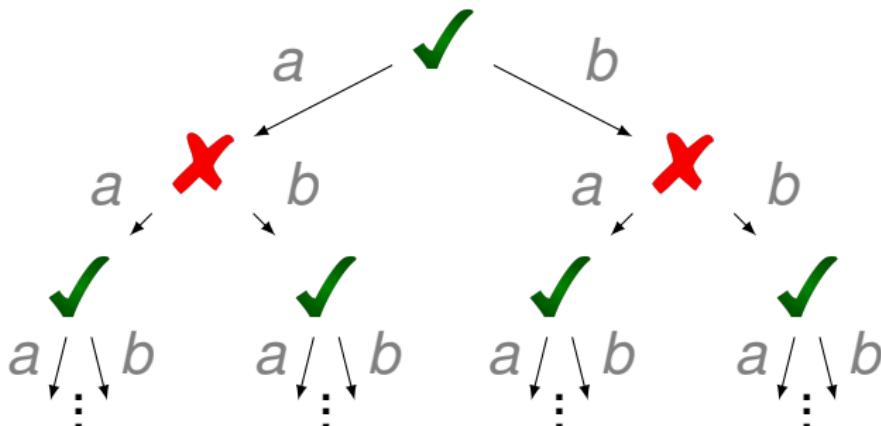
$:: \alpha \text{ lang} \Rightarrow$



`primrec` $\in :: \alpha list \Rightarrow \alpha lang \Rightarrow bool$

`[]` $\in L = o L$

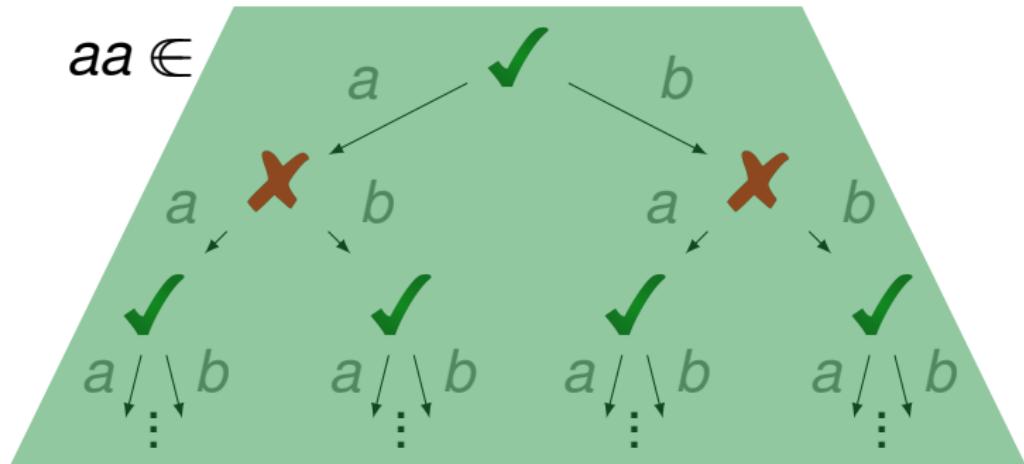
`aw` $\in L = w \in L a$



`primrec` $\in :: \alpha \ list \Rightarrow \alpha \ lang \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

`[]` $\in L = \textcolor{orange}{o} \ L$

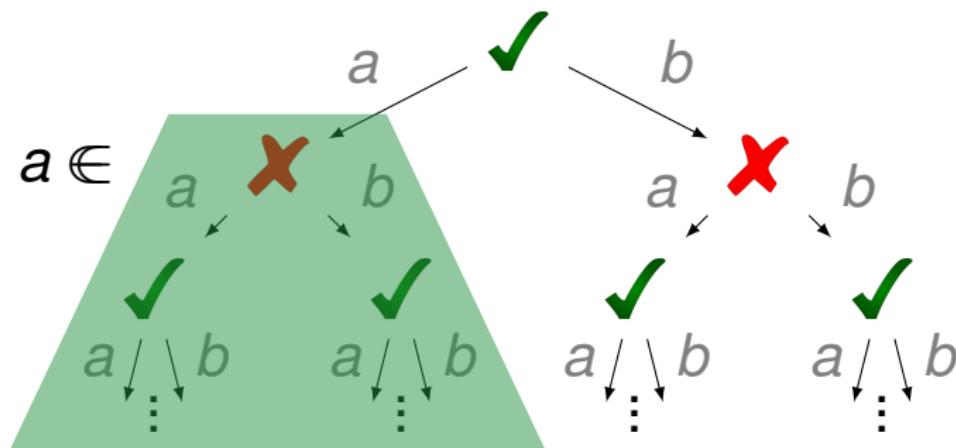
`aw` $\in L = w \in \quad L \ a$



`primrec` $\in :: \alpha list \Rightarrow \alpha lang \Rightarrow bool$

`[]` $\in L = o\ L$

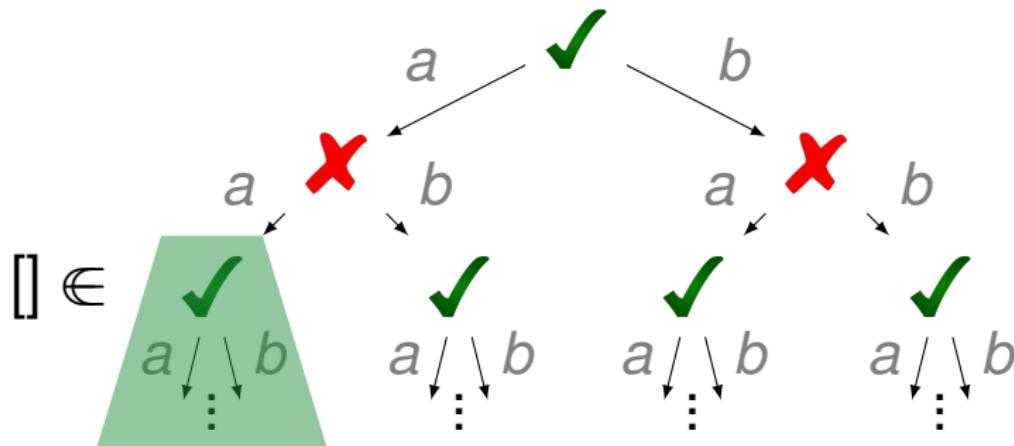
`aw` $\in L = w \in L a$



`primrec` $\in :: \alpha \text{list} \Rightarrow \alpha \text{lang} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

`[] ∈ L = o L`

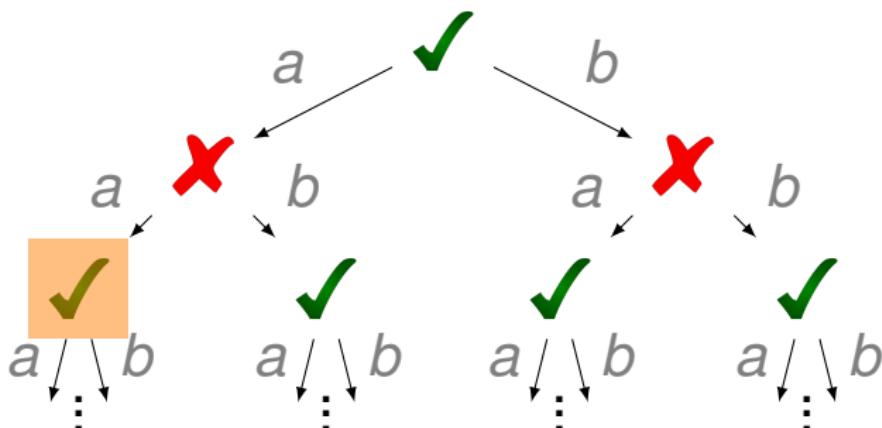
`aw ∈ L = w ∈ L a`



`primrec` $\in :: \alpha list \Rightarrow \alpha lang \Rightarrow bool$

`[]` $\in L = o\ L$

`aw` $\in L = w \in L a$



Codatatype

Corecursion

Coinduction

$\text{primcorec } \emptyset :: \alpha \text{ lang}$

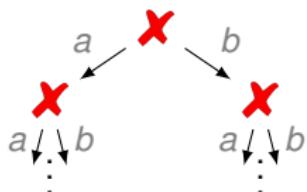
$\textcolor{orange}{o} \emptyset = \textcolor{red}{X}$

$\emptyset = \lambda_{_}. \emptyset$

$\text{primcorec } \emptyset :: \alpha \text{ lang}$

$O \emptyset = \text{X}$

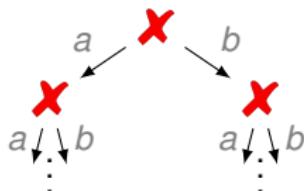
$\emptyset = \lambda_. \emptyset$



$\text{primcorec } \emptyset :: \alpha \text{ lang}$

$\textcolor{orange}{o} \emptyset = \textcolor{red}{X}$

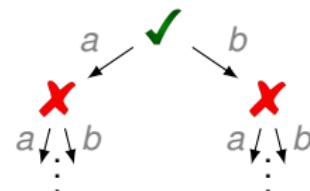
$\emptyset = \lambda_{_}. \emptyset$



$\text{primcorec } \varepsilon :: \alpha \text{ lang}$

$\textcolor{orange}{o} \varepsilon = \textcolor{green}{\checkmark}$

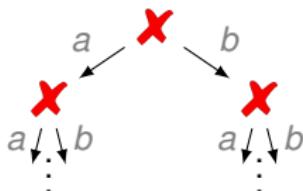
$\varepsilon = \lambda_{_}. \emptyset$



`primcorec` $\emptyset :: \alpha$ lang

$$0 \times \emptyset = \text{X}$$

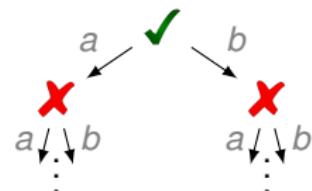
$$\emptyset = \lambda \cdot \emptyset$$



`primcorec $\varepsilon :: \alpha$ lang`

$\sigma \varepsilon = \checkmark$

$$\varepsilon = \lambda \cdot \emptyset$$



primcorec Atom :: $\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}$

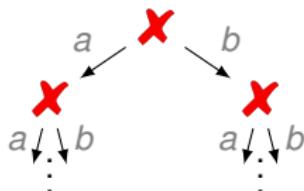
$$o(\text{Atom } a) = \text{X}$$

$$(\text{Atom } a) = \lambda b. \text{ if } a = b \text{ then } \varepsilon \text{ else } \emptyset$$

primcorec $\emptyset :: \alpha \text{ lang}$

o $\emptyset = \text{X}$

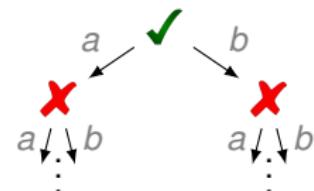
$\emptyset = \lambda_. \emptyset$



primcorec $\varepsilon :: \alpha \text{ lang}$

o $\varepsilon = \text{V}$

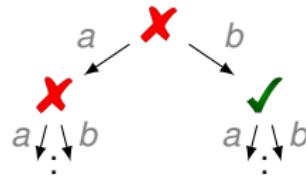
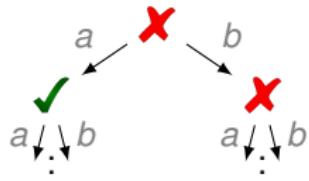
$\varepsilon = \lambda_. \emptyset$



primcorec Atom :: $\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}$

o $(\text{Atom } a) = \text{X}$

$(\text{Atom } a) = \lambda b. \text{ if } a = b \text{ then } \varepsilon \text{ else } \emptyset$



	primrec	primcorec
Syntactic criterion for of functions of type	termination $\alpha \text{ list} \Rightarrow \dots$	productivity $\dots \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}$

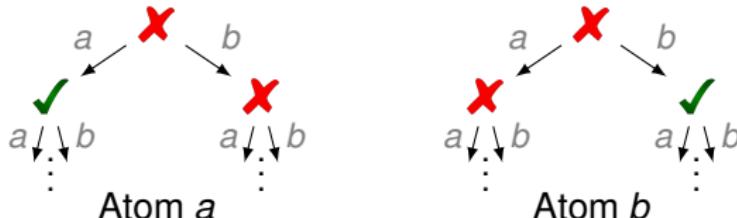
	primrec	primcorec
Syntactic criterion for of functions of type	termination $\alpha \text{list} \Rightarrow \dots$	productivity $\dots \Rightarrow \alpha \text{lang}$
Philosophy	consume 1 pattern match argument	

	<code>primrec</code>	<code>primcorec</code>
Syntactic criterion for of functions of type	<code>termination</code> $\alpha \text{list} \Rightarrow \dots$	<code>productivity</code> $\dots \Rightarrow \alpha \text{lang}$
Philosophy	<code>consume 1</code> pattern match argument	<code>produce 1</code> copattern match output

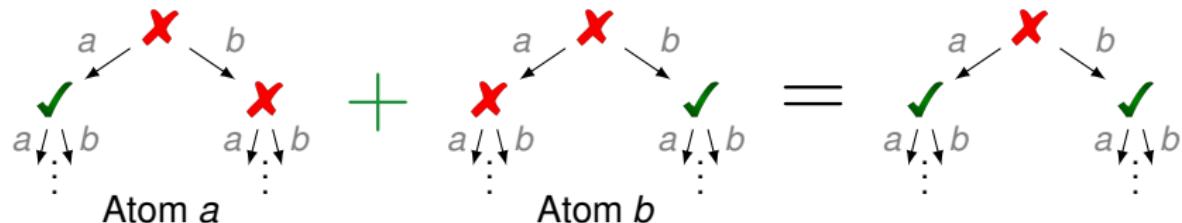
	<code>primrec</code>	<code>primcorec</code>
Syntactic criterion for functions of type	<code>termination</code> $\alpha \text{ list} \Rightarrow \dots$	<code>productivity</code> $\dots \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}$
Philosophy	<code>consume 1</code> pattern match argument	<code>produce 1</code> copattern match output
(Co)recursive call		
arguments	very restricted	
context	arbitrary	

	<code>primrec</code>	<code>primcorec</code>
Syntactic criterion for functions of type	<code>termination</code> $\alpha \text{ list} \Rightarrow \dots$	<code>productivity</code> $\dots \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}$
Philosophy	<code>consume 1</code> pattern match argument	<code>produce 1</code> copattern match output
(Co)recursive call		
arguments	<code>very restricted</code>	<code>arbitrary</code>
context	<code>arbitrary</code>	<code>very restricted</code>

	primrec	primcorec
Syntactic criterion for functions of type	termination $\alpha \text{ list} \Rightarrow \dots$	productivity $\dots \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}$
Philosophy	consume 1 pattern match argument	produce 1 copattern match output
(Co)recursive call		
arguments	very restricted	arbitrary
context	arbitrary	very restricted



	primrec	primcorec
Syntactic criterion for functions of type	termination $\alpha \text{ list} \Rightarrow \dots$	productivity $\dots \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}$
Philosophy	consume 1 pattern match argument	produce 1 copattern match output
(Co)recursive call		
arguments	very restricted	arbitrary
context	arbitrary	very restricted

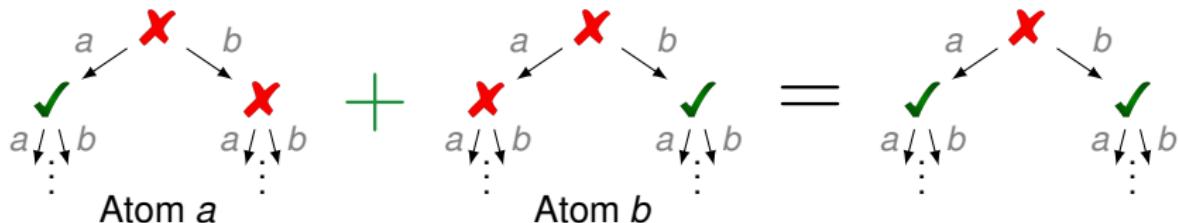


	primrec	primcorec
Syntactic criterion for functions of type	termination $\alpha \text{ list} \Rightarrow \dots$	productivity $\dots \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}$
Philosophy	consume 1 pattern match argument	produce 1 copattern match output
(Co)recursive call		
arguments	very restricted	arbitrary
context	arbitrary	very restricted

primcorec + :: $\alpha \text{ lang} \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang} \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}$

$$o(L + K) = oL \vee oK$$

$$(L + K) = \lambda a. \quad L a + \quad K a$$



$$\textcolor{orange}{o} \emptyset = \textcolor{red}{X}$$

$$\textcolor{orange}{o} \varepsilon = \textcolor{green}{\checkmark}$$

$$\emptyset = \lambda_. \emptyset$$

$$\varepsilon = \lambda_. \emptyset$$

$$\textcolor{orange}{o} (\text{Atom } a) = \textcolor{red}{X}$$

$$(\text{Atom } a) = \lambda b. \text{ if } a = b \text{ then } \varepsilon \text{ else } \emptyset$$

$$\textcolor{orange}{o} (L + K) = \textcolor{orange}{o} L \vee \textcolor{orange}{o} K$$

$$(L + K) = \lambda a. \quad L a + \quad K a$$

$$o \emptyset = \text{X} \quad L, K :: \alpha \text{ lang}$$

$$o \varepsilon = \checkmark \quad L + \emptyset = L$$

$$o (\text{Atom } a) = \text{X}$$

$$o (L + K) = o L \vee o K$$

$$\emptyset = \lambda_. \emptyset$$

$$\varepsilon = \lambda_. \emptyset$$

$$(\text{Atom } a) = \lambda b. \text{ if } a = b \text{ then } \varepsilon \text{ else } \emptyset$$

$$(L + K) = \lambda a. \quad L a + \quad K a$$

$\circ \emptyset$	$=$	X	$L, K :: \alpha \text{ regex}$
$\circ \varepsilon$	$=$	✓	$L + \emptyset \neq L$
$\circ (\text{Atom } a)$	$=$	X	
$\circ (L + K)$	$=$	$\circ L \vee \circ K$	

$d \emptyset$	$=$	$\lambda_. \emptyset$	
$d \varepsilon$	$=$	$\lambda_. \emptyset$	
$d (\text{Atom } a)$	$=$	$\lambda b. \text{if } a = b \text{ then } \varepsilon \text{ else } \emptyset$	
$d (L + K)$	$=$	$\lambda a. d L a + d K a$	

$$\text{o } \emptyset = \text{X} \quad L, K :: \alpha \text{ regex}$$

$$\text{o } \varepsilon = \checkmark \quad L + \emptyset \neq L$$

$$\text{o (Atom } a) = \text{X}$$

$$\text{o } (L + K) = \text{o } L \vee \text{o } K$$

$$\text{o } (L \cdot K) = \text{o } L \wedge \text{o } K$$

$$\text{o } (L^*) = \checkmark$$

$$\text{d } \emptyset = \lambda_. \emptyset$$

$$\text{d } \varepsilon = \lambda_. \emptyset$$

$$\text{d (Atom } a) = \lambda b. \text{ if } a = b \text{ then } \varepsilon \text{ else } \emptyset$$

$$\text{d } (L + K) = \lambda a. \text{ d } L a + \text{ d } K a$$

$$\text{d } (L \cdot K) = \dots$$

$$\text{d } (L^*) = \dots$$

nullability

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{lcl} o \emptyset & = & \textcolor{red}{X} \\ o \varepsilon & = & \checkmark \\ o (\text{Atom } a) & = & \textcolor{red}{X} \\ o (L + K) & = & o L \vee o K \\ o (L \cdot K) & = & o L \wedge o K \\ o (L^*) & = & \checkmark \end{array} \right.$$

$L, K :: \alpha \text{ regex}$

$L + \emptyset \neq L$

Brzozowski derivative

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{lcl} d \emptyset & = & \lambda_. \emptyset \\ d \varepsilon & = & \lambda_. \emptyset \\ d (\text{Atom } a) & = & \lambda b. \text{ if } a = b \text{ then } \varepsilon \text{ else } \emptyset \\ d (L + K) & = & \lambda a. d L a + d K a \\ d (L \cdot K) & = & \dots \\ d (L^*) & = & \dots \end{array} \right.$$

$$L,K::\alpha \; regex$$

$$L+\emptyset \neq L$$

$$\circ(L\cdot K) \quad = \;\; \circ L \wedge \circ K$$

$$\mathsf{d}\,(L\cdot K)\quad =\,\ldots$$

`primcorec` $\cdot :: \alpha \text{ lang} \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang} \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}$

$$\textcolor{orange}{o}(L \cdot K) = \textcolor{orange}{o} L \wedge \textcolor{orange}{o} K$$

$$(L \cdot K) = \lambda a. \text{ if } \textcolor{orange}{o} L$$

then $L a \cdot K + K a$

else $L a \cdot K$

Nonprimitively corecursive specification

primcorec $\cdot :: \alpha \text{ lang} \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang} \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}$

$$\textcolor{orange}{o}(L \cdot K) = \textcolor{orange}{o} L \wedge \textcolor{orange}{o} K$$

$$(L \cdot K) = \lambda a. \text{ if } \textcolor{orange}{o} L$$

then $L a \cdot K + \textcolor{red}{K} a$

else $L a \cdot K$

Nonprimitively corecursive specification

primcorec $\cdot :: \alpha \text{ lang} \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang} \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}$

$$o(L \cdot K) = oL \wedge oK$$

$$(L \cdot K) = \lambda a. \text{ if } oL$$

$$\text{then } La \cdot K + Ka$$

$$\text{else } La \cdot K$$

This paper

$$L \cdot K = \hat{\oplus} (L \hat{\wedge} K)$$

with $\hat{\wedge}$ and $\hat{\oplus}$ primitively
corecursive

$\text{corec} \cdot :: \alpha \text{ lang} \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang} \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}$

$$\textcolor{orange}{o}(L \cdot K) = \textcolor{orange}{o} L \wedge \textcolor{orange}{o} K$$

$$(L \cdot K) = \lambda a. \text{ if } \textcolor{orange}{o} L$$

$$\text{then } L a \cdot K + \quad K a$$

$$\text{else } L a \cdot K$$

This paper

$$L \cdot K = \hat{\oplus} (L \hat{\wedge} K)$$

with $\hat{\wedge}$ and $\hat{\oplus}$ primitively
corecursive

corec

Blanchette, Popescu, Traytel @ ICFP'15 +
Blanchette, Bouzy, Lochbihler, Popescu, Traytel

Codatatype

Corecursion

Coinduction

theorem $\emptyset + L = L$
How to prove?

theorem $\emptyset + L = L$
by (*coinduction arbitrary* : L) auto

theorem $\emptyset + L = L$

proof (*rule coinduct_{lang}*)

define $R K_1 K_2 = (\exists L. K_1 = \emptyset + L \wedge K_2 = L)$

show $R (\emptyset + L) L$ by *simp*

fix L_1 and L_2

assume $R L_1 L_2$

then obtain L where $L_1 = \emptyset + L$ and $L_2 = L$ by *simp*

then show $\textcolor{orange}{o} L_1 = \textcolor{orange}{o} L_2 \wedge \forall x. R(L_1 x) (L_2 x)$ by *simp*

qed

$$\frac{R K_1 K_2 \quad \forall L_1 L_2. R L_1 L_2 \longrightarrow (\textcolor{orange}{o} L_1 = \textcolor{orange}{o} L_2 \wedge \forall x. R (\text{ } L_1 x) (\text{ } L_2 x))}{K_1 = K_2}$$

theorem $\emptyset + L = L$

proof (*rule coinduct_{lang}*)

define $R K_1 K_2 = (\exists L. K_1 = \emptyset + L \wedge K_2 = L)$

show $R (\emptyset + L) L$ by *simp*

fix L_1 and L_2

assume $R L_1 L_2$

then obtain L where $L_1 = \emptyset + L$ and $L_2 = L$ by *simp*

then **show** $\textcolor{orange}{o} L_1 = \textcolor{orange}{o} L_2 \wedge \forall x. R (\text{ } L_1 x) (\text{ } L_2 x)$ by *simp*

qed

$$\frac{R K_1 K_2 \quad \forall L_1 L_2. R L_1 L_2 \longrightarrow (\textcolor{orange}{o} L_1 = \textcolor{orange}{o} L_2 \wedge \forall x. R (\text{ } L_1 x) (\text{ } L_2 x))}{K_1 = K_2}$$

theorem $\emptyset + L = L$

proof (rule *coinduct_{lang}*)

define $R K_1 K_2 = (\exists L. K_1 = \emptyset + L \wedge K_2 = L)$

show $R (\emptyset + L) L$ by *simp*

fix L_1 and L_2

assume $R L_1 L_2$

then obtain L where $L_1 = \emptyset + L$ and $L_2 = L$ by *simp*

then show $\textcolor{orange}{o} L_1 = \textcolor{orange}{o} L_2 \wedge \forall x. R (\text{ } L_1 x) (\text{ } L_2 x)$ by *simp*

qed

$$\frac{R \ K_1 \ K_2 \quad \forall L_1 \ L_2. \ R \ L_1 \ L_2 \longrightarrow (\textcolor{orange}{o} \ L_1 = \textcolor{orange}{o} \ L_2 \wedge \forall x. \ R \ (\ L_1 \ x) \ (\ L_2 \ x))}{K_1 = K_2}$$

theorem $\emptyset + L = L$

proof (rule *coinduct_{lang}*)

define $R \ K_1 \ K_2 = (\exists L. K_1 = \emptyset + L \wedge K_2 = L)$

show $R \ (\emptyset + L) \ L$ by *simp*

fix L_1 and L_2

assume $R \ L_1 \ L_2$

then obtain L where $L_1 = \emptyset + L$ and $L_2 = L$ by *simp*

then show $\textcolor{orange}{o} \ L_1 = \textcolor{orange}{o} \ L_2 \wedge \forall x. \ R \ (\ L_1 \ x) \ (\ L_2 \ x)$ by *simp*

qed

$$\frac{R K_1 K_2 \quad \forall L_1 L_2. R L_1 L_2 \longrightarrow (\textcolor{blue}{o} L_1 = \textcolor{blue}{o} L_2 \wedge \forall x. R (\textcolor{brown}{_} L_1 x) (\textcolor{brown}{_} L_2 x))}{K_1 = K_2}$$

theorem $\emptyset + L = L$

proof (*rule coinduct_{lang}*)

define $R K_1 K_2 = (\exists L. K_1 = \emptyset + L \wedge K_2 = L)$

show $R (\emptyset + L) L$ by *simp*

fix L_1 and L_2

assume $R L_1 L_2$

then obtain L where $L_1 = \emptyset + L$ and $L_2 = L$ by *simp*

then **show** $\textcolor{blue}{o} L_1 = \textcolor{blue}{o} L_2 \wedge \forall x. R (\textcolor{brown}{_} L_1 x) (\textcolor{brown}{_} L_2 x)$ by *simp*

qed

$$\frac{R K_1 K_2 \quad \forall L_1 L_2. R L_1 L_2 \longrightarrow (\textcolor{blue}{o} L_1 = \textcolor{blue}{o} L_2 \wedge \forall x. R (\textcolor{brown}{\underline{L_1}} x) (\textcolor{brown}{\underline{L_2}} x))}{K_1 = K_2}$$

theorem $\emptyset + L = L$

proof ($\textcolor{blue}{r'}$) $\textcolor{blue}{o} L_1 = \textcolor{blue}{o} (\emptyset + L) = (\textcolor{blue}{o} \emptyset \vee \textcolor{blue}{o} L) = (\textcolor{red}{X} \vee \textcolor{blue}{o} L) = \textcolor{blue}{o} L = \textcolor{blue}{o} L_2$

d

$$R (\textcolor{brown}{\underline{L_1}} x) (\textcolor{brown}{\underline{L_2}} x) = R ((\emptyset + L) x) (\textcolor{brown}{\underline{L}} x)$$

$$\text{sl. } = R (\emptyset x + L x) (\textcolor{brown}{\underline{L}} x) = R (\emptyset + L x) (\textcolor{brown}{\underline{L}} x)$$

$$= (\exists L'. \emptyset + L x = \emptyset + L' \wedge L x = L') = \checkmark$$

fix L_1 and L_2

assume $R L_1 L_2$

then obtain L where $L_1 = \emptyset + L$ and $L_2 = L$ by *simp*

then show $\textcolor{blue}{o} L_1 = \textcolor{blue}{o} L_2 \wedge \forall x. R (\textcolor{brown}{\underline{L_1}} x) (\textcolor{brown}{\underline{L_2}} x)$ by *simp*

qed

theorem $\emptyset + L = L$

proof (*rule coinduct_{lang}*)

define $R K_1 K_2 = (\exists L. K_1 = \emptyset + L \wedge K_2 = L)$

show $R (\emptyset + L) L$ by *simp*

fix L_1 and L_2

assume $R L_1 L_2$

then obtain L where $L_1 = \emptyset + L$ and $L_2 = L$ by *simp*

then show $\textcolor{orange}{o} L_1 = \textcolor{orange}{o} L_2 \wedge \forall x. R(L_1 x) (L_2 x)$ by *simp*

qed

theorem $\emptyset + L = L$
by (*coinduction arbitrary* : L) auto

theorem $\emptyset + L = L$

proof (*rule coinduct_{lang}*)

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fix L_1 and L_2

assume $R L_1 L_2$

then obtain L where $L_1 = \emptyset + L$ and $L_2 = L$ by *simp*

then show $\textcolor{orange}{o} L_1 = \textcolor{orange}{o} L_2 \wedge \forall x. R(L_1 x) (L_2 x)$ by *simp*

qed

theorem $L + L = L$
by (*coinduction arbitrary* : L) auto

theorem $\emptyset + L = L$
by (*coinduction arbitrary* : L) auto

theorem $L_1 + L_2 = L_2 + L_1$
by (*coinduction arbitrary* : $L_1\ L_2$) auto

theorem $(L_1 + L_2) + L_3 = L_1 + (L_2 + L_3)$
by (*coinduction arbitrary* : $L_1\ L_2\ L_3$) auto

theorem $(L + K) \cdot M = (L \cdot M) + (K \cdot M)$
by (*coinduction arbitrary* : $K L$) auto

theorem $(L + K) \cdot M = (L \cdot M) + (K \cdot M)$
by (*coinduction arbitrary*: $K L$) auto

$$\begin{aligned} \dots \longrightarrow R &= \lambda L_1 L_2. \exists L K. L_1 = (L + K) \cdot M \wedge \\ &\quad L_2 = (L \cdot M) + (K \cdot M) \longrightarrow \\ R \left(\left(\begin{array}{c} L' x + K' x \end{array} \right) \cdot M \right. &\quad \left. + M x \right) \\ \left(\left(\begin{array}{c} L' x \cdot M + K' x \cdot M \end{array} \right) + M x \right) \end{aligned}$$

theorem $(L + K) \cdot M = (L \cdot M) + (K \cdot M)$
by (*coinduction arbitrary* : *L K rule* : *coinduct*_{lang}⁺) auto

theorem $(L + K) \cdot M = (L \cdot M) + (K \cdot M)$
by (coinduction arbitrary : L K rule: $\text{coinduct}_{\text{lang}}^+$) auto

$$\frac{R K_1 K_2 \quad \forall L_1 L_2. R L_1 L_2 \longrightarrow (\textcolor{orange}{o} L_1 = \textcolor{orange}{o} L_2 \wedge \forall x. R^+ (L_1 x) (L_2 x))}{K_1 = K_2}$$

Languages, Languages, Languages

codatatype $\alpha \text{ lang} = \mathcal{L} \text{ bool } (\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang})$

Languages, Languages, Languages

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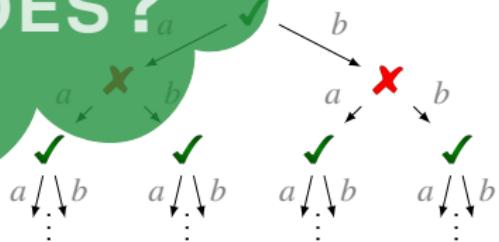
$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{codatatype } \alpha \text{ lang}_{\text{Markov}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{Markov}} (\alpha \times \alpha \text{ lang}_{\text{Markov}}) \text{ pmf} \\ \text{codatatype } \alpha \text{ lang}_{\text{React}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{React}} (\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ lang}_{\text{React}} \text{ pmf option}) \\ \text{codatatype } \alpha \text{ lang}_{\text{Segala}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{Segala}} (\alpha \times \alpha \text{ lang}_{\text{Segala}}) \text{ pmf set}^k \end{array} \right.$

Formal Languages

Formally
and
Coinductively
OBRIGADO!
QUESTÕES?



baab aa bb
ε ba ab ...



Dmitriy Traytel

ETH zürich

**Puzzle for the
RTA Community**

Brzozowski Derivatives

$$d a \emptyset = \emptyset$$

$$d a \varepsilon = \emptyset$$

$$d a (\text{Atom } b) = \text{if } a = b \text{ then } \varepsilon \text{ else } \emptyset$$

$$d a (r + s) = d a r + d a s$$

$$d a (r \cdot s) = \text{if } r \text{ then } d a r \cdot s + d a s \text{ else } d a r \cdot s$$

$$d a (r^*) = d a r \cdot r^*$$

Brzozowski Derivatives

Finiteness

$$da\emptyset = \emptyset$$

$$da\varepsilon = \emptyset$$

$$da(\text{Atom } b) = \text{if } a = b \text{ then } \varepsilon \text{ else } \emptyset$$

$$da(r+s) = dar + das$$

$$da(r \cdot s) = \text{if } r \text{ then } dar \cdot s + das \text{ else } dar \cdot s$$

$$da(r^*) = dar \cdot r^*$$

Brzozowski Derivatives

Finiteness

$d a \emptyset$	$=$	\emptyset
$d a \varepsilon$	$=$	\emptyset
$d a (\text{Atom } b)$	$=$	if $a = b$ then ε else \emptyset
$d a (r + s)$	$=$	$d a r + d a s$
$d a (r \cdot s)$	$=$	if r then $d a r \cdot s + d a s$ else $d a r \cdot s$
$d a (r^*)$	$=$	$d a r \cdot r^*$

$$\begin{array}{lcl} \hat{d} [] r & = & r \\ \hat{d} aw r & = & \hat{d} w (d a r) \end{array}$$

Brzozowski Derivatives

Finiteness

$d a \emptyset$	$=$	\emptyset
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$d a(r + s)$	$=$	$d a r + d a s$
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$$\begin{aligned}\hat{d} [] r &= r \\ \hat{d} aw r &= \hat{d} w (\hat{d} a r)\end{aligned}$$

Theorem [Brzozowski'64] $\{[\hat{d} w r]_{\text{ACI}} \mid w \in \Sigma^*\}$ is finite for all r

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$\{[\hat{d} w r]_{\text{ACI}} \mid w \in \Sigma^*\}$ is finite for all r

Corollary

$\{[\hat{d} w r]_{\text{ACIUD}} \mid w \in \Sigma^*\}$ is finite for all r

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Finiteness

$$\begin{aligned} d a \emptyset &= \emptyset \\ d a \varepsilon &= \emptyset \\ d a (\text{Atom } b) &= \text{if } a = b \text{ then } \varepsilon \text{ else } \emptyset \\ d a (r + s) &= d a r + d a s \\ d a (r \cdot s) &= \text{if } a \text{ or then } d a r \cdot s + d a s \text{ else } d a r \cdot s \\ d a (r^*) &= d a r \cdot r^* \end{aligned}$$

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Corollary

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Lemma

$|d a |r|_{\text{ACI}}|_{\text{ACI}} = |d a r|_{\text{ACI}}$

Corollary

$\{\hat{d}_{\text{ACI}} w r \mid w \in \Sigma^*\}$ is finite for all r

Brzozowski Derivatives

Finiteness

$d a \emptyset$	$=$	\emptyset
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Corollary

$\{[\hat{d} w r]_{\text{ACIUD}} \mid w \in \Sigma^*\}$ is finite for all r

Lemma

$|d a |r|_{\text{ACI}}|_{\text{ACI}} = |d a r|_{\text{ACI}}$

Corollary

$\{\hat{d}_{\text{ACI}} w r \mid w \in \Sigma^*\}$ is finite for all r

Conjecture

$\{\hat{d}_{\text{ACIUD}} w r \mid w \in \Sigma^*\}$ is finite for all r

Brzozowski Derivatives

Finiteness as a Rewriting Problem

Input Convergent ordered regex rewriting system R with $ACI \subseteq R$

Question Under which conditions is $\{\hat{d}_R w r \mid w \in \Sigma^*\}$ finite for all r ?

Brzozowski Derivatives

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$$a^* \xrightarrow{d} \varepsilon \cdot a^*$$

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Brzozowski Derivatives

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$$\begin{array}{lll} a^* & \xrightarrow{d} & \varepsilon \cdot a^* \\ & \xrightarrow{R!} & a^* \cdot a^* \\ & \xrightarrow{d} & (\varepsilon \cdot a^*) \cdot a^* + \varepsilon \cdot a^* \end{array}$$

Brzozowski Derivatives

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